

## Gamma-gamma directional correlations of the 552-134 keV cascade in $\text{Re}^{187}$

BY M. L. NARASIMHA RAJU, A. KHAYYUOM AND D. L. SASTRY

*The Laboratories for Nuclear Research, Andhra University, Waltair*

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The level structure of  $\text{Re}^{187}$  is well established (Way *et al* 1965). The 552-134 keV gamma-gamma angular correlation was measured by several authors in the past (Arns *et al* 1960, Gallagher *et al* 1960, Michaelis 1963, Gupta *et al* 1966, Klementovskaya *et al* 1959). Arns *et al* reported a very high positive anisotropy ( $A_2 = 0.316 \pm 0.018$ ,  $A_4 = -0.086 \pm 0.027$ ) whereas Gallagher *et al* found the correlation to be isotropic within 1%. Michaelis and Gupta *et al* observed small negative anisotropy for this correlation, whereas, Klementovskaya *et al* observed small positive anisotropy. In view of the above discrepancies it was felt worthwhile to remeasure the 552-134 keV gamma-gamma angular correlation in  $\text{Re}^{187}$ .

The directional correlation of the above cascade is measured with a conventional slow-fast coincidence scintillation assembly described elsewhere (Narasimha Raju *et al* 1968). The system is checked by measuring the 1.17-1.33 MeV gamma-gamma angular correlation in  $\text{Ni}^{60}$ . The present measurements were done with an effective coincidence resolution of 20 ns. The angular correlation data were collected at three angles  $90^\circ$ ,  $135^\circ$  and  $180^\circ$  and were corrected for the short life of  $\text{W}^{187}$  and chance coincidences. The pooled up counts at the three angles were normalized and the data fitted to the standard polynomial

$$W(\theta) = 1 + A_2 P_2(\cos \theta) + A_4 P_4(\cos \theta)$$

by the method of least squares (Rosc 1953). The angular correlation function after correcting for the geometry of both the detectors is found to be

$$W(\theta) = 1 - (0.028 \pm 0.015) P_2(\cos \theta) + (0.012 \pm 0.017) P_4(\cos \theta)$$

This result is in fairly good agreement with that obtained by Michaelis and Gupta *et al* and differs considerably from the values of Gallagher *et al*, Klementovskaya *et al* and Arns *et al*. The experimental values of  $A_2$  and  $A_4$  coefficients of the earlier authors together with the values of the present work are given in table 1.

The present angular correlation function is consistent with the spin assignment  $5/2$  to the 686 keV level and with the quadrupole content of the 552 keV radiation ( $Q_{552} \leq 0.03$ ) reported by Michaelis and Gupta *et al*.

TABLE 1. The values of the  $A_2$  and  $A_4$  coefficients of the 552-134 keV directional correlation

| References                         | $A_2$                     | $A_4$                |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Arns <i>et al</i> (1960)           | $+0.316 \pm 0.018$        | $-0.086 \pm 0.027$   |
| Gallagher <i>et al</i> (1960)      | Isotropic within 1%       |                      |
| Michaels (1963)                    | $-0.034 \pm 0.017$        | $-0.007 \pm 0.030$   |
| Klimentovskaya <i>et al</i> (1959) | Small positive anisotropy |                      |
| Gupta <i>et al</i> (1966)          | $-0.0235 \pm 0.0132$      | $+0.0299 \pm 0.0235$ |
| Present work                       | $-0.028 \pm 0.015$        | $0.012 \pm 0.017$    |

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